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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/803,026	03/18/2004	Yukihito Ichikawa	119151	5611
25944 7590 02/27/2007 OLIFF & BERRIDGE, PLC P.O. BOX 19928			EXAMINER	
			menon, Krishnan S	
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22320			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		•	1723	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		02/27/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Off: A 41 - O	10/803,026	ICHIKAWA, YUKIHITO			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Krishnan S. Menon	1723			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 07 Fe	ebruary 2007.	·			
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	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 28-39 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.  7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers	,				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the original transfer of the second sheet and the second sheet are sheet as a second sheet and the second sheet are sheet as a second sheet are sheet as a second sheet as a second sheet are sheet as a second sheet are sheet as a second sheet as a second sheet are sheet as a second sheet are sheet as a second sheet are sheet as a second sheet as a second sheet are sheet as a second sheet as a second sheet are sheet as a second sheet as a second sheet as a second sheet are sheet as a second sheet are sheet as a second	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>					
Attachment(s)  Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:				

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

Claims 28-39 are pending in the RCE filed 2/7/07.

### Election/Restrictions

Newly submitted claims 32-39 are directed to an invention that is independent or distinct from the invention originally claimed for the following reasons: they were originally restricted as directed to a different invention/species.

Since applicant has received an action on the merits for the originally presented invention, this invention has been constructively elected by original presentation for prosecution on the merits. Accordingly, claims 32-39 are withdrawn from consideration as being directed to a non-elected invention. See 37 CFR 1.142(b) and MPEP § 821.03.

However, these claims, since depending from the independent claim 28, could be rejoined if claim 28 becomes allowable.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

<sup>(</sup>b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

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1. Claims 28-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by, or in the alternative, under 35 USC 103(a) as being obvious over, Dahlgren et al (US 6,143,058).

Dahlgren teaches a method of measuring water vapor (or steam with air as in applicant's claim 3) *adsorption* on a porous cell structure (abstract) using a balance and a temperature and humidity controlled chamber – see column 12 lines 1-47.

Regarding "feeding" a material such as "steam", the reference teaches a humidity chamber, the humidity in the chamber is inherently maintained by feeding moisture (or vapor or "steam") laden air into it, or such feeding is implied. "[I]n considering the disclosure of a reference, it is proper to take into account not only specific teachings of the reference but also the inferences which one skilled in the art would reasonably be expected to draw therefrom." In re Preda, 401 F.2d 825, 826, 159 USPQ 342, 344 (CCPA 1968); In re Lamberti, 545 F.2d 747, 750, 192 USPQ 278, 280 (CCPA 1976). Therefore, if "feeding" is not anticipated, it would be at least obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art.

2. Claims 28-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by, or under 35 USC 103(a) as being obvious over, Guile et al (US 5,716,899)

Guile teaches measuring adsorption of a hydrocarbon (propylene) in a honeycomb structure by passing (or "feeding") the gas stream over the sample in a tube – see column 13 line 63 – column 14 line 20. The hydrocarbon is then analyzed in the exiting gas stream to determine the amount absorbed over a specified period of time.

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The recitation of claim 28, "... taking said amount as said value relating to said water absorption ability" is purely an assumption, which is a mental process; not a tangible process step. One could assume the hydrocarbon absorption as equivalent to water absorption, or anything else.

3. Claims 28-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Chang (US 2002/0025290).

Chang teaches a method of measuring adsorption of CO2 and water vapor (which is same as steam used by applicant) over an adsorbent – see examples 29 and 30. The CO2 and water vapor streams are in air, the reference teaches complete adsorption and breakthrough, meaning that the excess water vapor and CO2 are blown out by the gas stream, which is implied by, or inherent in, the reference. See the breakthrough curves. The reference teaches complete absorption at the point of breakthrough without excess water/CO2 filling the pores. A prima facie case under 35 U.S.C. 102 /103 could be made if a process step is inherent: In re Best, 562 F.2d 1252, 1255, 195 USPQ 430, 433 (CCPA 1977). The express, implicit, and inherent disclosures of a prior art reference may be relied upon in the rejection of claims under 35 U.S.C. 102 or 103. "The inherent teaching of a prior art reference, a question of fact, arises both in the context of anticipation and obviousness." In re Napier, 55 F.3d 610, 613, 34 USPQ2d 1782, 1784 (Fed. Cir. 1995) (affirmed a 35 U.S.C. 103 rejection based in part on inherent disclosure in one of the references). See also In re Grasselli, 713 F.2d 731, 739, 218 USPQ 769, 775 (Fed. Cir. 1983). "[I]n considering the disclosure of

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a reference, it is proper to take into account not only specific teachings of the reference but also the inferences which one skilled in the art would reasonably be expected to draw therefrom." In re Preda, 401 F.2d 825, 826, 159 USPQ 342, 344 (CCPA 1968); In re Lamberti, 545 F.2d 747, 750, 192 USPQ 278, 280 (CCPA 1976).

Regarding the porous cell structure, the reference teaches similar material in the form of pellets – it is porous.

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 2/7/07 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. They are addressed in the rejection. Regarding Chang reference, argument that a sieve is a wire mesh is not convincing, and is only speculation by the attorney. The reference teaches molecular sieves in the form of pellets, not wire mesh. Molecular sieves have porous cell structure.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Krishnan S. Menon whose telephone number is 571-272-1143. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steven Griffin can be reached on 571-272-1189. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Krishnan S Menon Primary Examiner Page 6

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